The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY JUNE 16, 1902 XL—NO 12

"THE WHEAT CITY."

Description of Massillon Fifty Years Ago.

VIEWS OF A FRIENDLY VISITOR.

A Correspondent of the Pittsburg Morning Post, Writing in 1852, Tells About This City's Location, Population and Immense Business—Manufactories and Business Houses--Large Purchases and Shipments of Wheat and Wool—Hotels, Schools, Churches and Residences.

Through the courtesy of Mrs. Julia M. Jarvis, The Independent is permitted to reprint a letter written to the Daily Morning Post, of Pittsburg, from Massillon, under the date of July 5, 1852. The letter describes a visit to this city which the writer thinks "next to Cleveland, is one of the prettiest towns in Ohio, and contains an enterprising, intelligent and liberal-minded population."

"Massillon," the letter continues, "is situated on the Ohio canal, about eight miles west of Canton, and 108 miles from Pittsburg by railroad. A few years ago the ground whereon the town is built was covered with trees and stumps and surrounded with a swamp. Now, however, Massillon contains a population of about 3,500 and has all the appearance of a little city. Those who have never visited the "Wheat City" can form no idea of the extent of its business. There are many extensive warehouses in the place, and the amount of wheat, wool and all kinds of produce purchased, in the course of a year, is truly wonderful. There are three large flouring mills in and adjacent to Massillon, each of which turns out about 100 barrels of flour a day. There are four large steam-power machine shops, where plows, engines, threshing machines, separators, railroad cars, window sash, furniture, etc, etc., are coustantly manufactured in large quantities. There are three banks and two brokers or independent bankers in the town, who are ever ready to afford accommodations to business men."

The writer spent considerable time passing through the large establishments of Massillon and gives a more particular description of some of them, as follows:

Cummins & Co. are largely engaged in business, especially in the purchase and sale of wheat and wool and in the manufacture of flour. They purchased during the last year 250,000 bushels of wheat. They have in operation an extensive flouring mill with a run of three French burrs, which is capable of turning out 100 barrels per day. They also have a woolen factory with seven sets of carding machines; a double saw mill, which makes 6,000 feet of plank every twelve hours and also two other saw mills with water power which are employed in preparing timber for the O. & P. railroad.

Eagle Steam Foundry.—This establishment is owned by Messrs. H. & R. Partridge. They make on an average 800 ploughs, $15,000 worth of threshing machines and 1,000 stoves each year.

Lind Weirich & Co.—This firm have a large dry goods, grocery and crockery store. They are also largely engaged in the purchase of wheat.

C. M. Russell & Co.—This firm has one of the largest manufacturing establishments in the west and employs 75 workmen. They make threshing machines, railroad cars, ploughs and all kinds of farming utensils. They make $50,000 worth of threshing machines and $10,000 worth of ploughs, reapers, etc., every year. Messrs. Russell & Co. have also a large furniture manufactory which is under the management of Capt. B. F. Seaton.

Among other firms and business men mentioned are Hart & Brown, A. Ryder, Dickey & Barkdull, J. S. Kelly & Co., J. F. Hoffman, Focke & Brothers, Bigger & Kachler, Edwin Jarvis, and A. T. Skinner & Co.

In 1852 there were a number of fine hotels in Massillon doing a flourishing business. "The Tremont House," says the Post's correspondent, "kept by T. B. & A. Nutting, is a large and admirably managed establishment. The arrivals at this house average 80 per day. The Massillon House, kept by G. Kallenberger & Co., is pleasantly situated on Main street. A new hotel is in course of construction, on the site of the old one on Main street, which wasd estroyed by fire."

The "Union School," "where all the children of the town, some five hundred in number, are educated," is described. Mr. T. W. Harvey, the principal, "a very intelligent gentleman," received a salary of $700 per annum, and there were "seven accomplished female assistants," who received from $150 to $350 per annum for their services. The Charity Rotch school is also mentioned. Mr. Wales, the trustee, had "managed the funds so prudently that for 28 years only one dollar and 28 cents had been lost!"

Regarding the churches, the writer says that Massillon had a number "where people of all religious persuasions worship the Almighty." "The Episcopal church," he says, "situated in a primitive grove, is a very pretty gothic building and is a credit to the taste of the Massillonians. The Rev. Mr. Cumming, a very worthy divine, officiates as rector. He quit the bar for the pulpit." The letter's closing paragraphs are as follows: In and about Massillon there are many beautiful private residences which are worthy of particular mention; but we can only refer to them briefly. Some of the buildings have been erected in the most tasteful and gorgeous style and more resemble the abodes of nobililty than the quiet homes of industrious merchants and mechanics. The country seat of General Jarvis half a mile below town far exceeds in beauty of location and taste of decoration anything we have ever seen. Cleveland can boast of no private residence that can begin to compare with it. The dwelling house which is built of stone in the pure rustic gothic style is certainly a model in neatness and beauty. The General has a deer park where "the lord of the manor" invites his numerous Whig and Democratic friends occasionally to join in the sports of the chase.

In speaking of the fine residences of Massillon we must not omit to mentioning "Estramadura," the beautiful home of our very worthy friend, Judge Kelly. situated a little over a mile south of town. The judge is the biggest hearted man in Stark county, and is deservedly popular. The Massillonians, to their great credit be it spoken, have a very pretty cemetery, which is situated about a mile south of the town. The location is in all respect a good one, and there are already many handsome improvements within its enclosures, giving evidence of taste and veneration for the dead.

TEACHERS APPOINTED.

Instructors in the Massillon Schools for Coming Year.

The meeting of the board of education scheduled for tonight was held Wednesday to accommodate one of the members. Clerk Humberger was the only absentee. After the reading and approval of the minutes of the last meeting, the bills presented were ordered paid, and the board went into executive session and made elections as follows:

E. A. Jones, superintendent of schools; William Johns, principal of high school; J. W. McElhaney, of Steward, Ill., teacher of penmanship and drawing, to fill the place rendered vacant by the resignation of M. W. Oberlin. E. E. Schen, of Canal Dover will be the principal of the new Oak Park building, and the larger part of the following newly elected teachers will be stationed in the new building: Thomas J. Teeple, of Sterling; Florence Pierpont, of Middletown; Kate Lind and Adelaide Beek, of Canton, and Principal E. E. Scheu. The resignation of Mrs. Miller, Miss Cora Penberthy and Miss Jane Ellis were received and accepted. Miss Penberthy will enter Pennsylvania state college next fall.

MARRIED AT FULTON.

Wedding of Miss Blanch Burget and Edward Harrold.

The marriage of Miss Blanch Burget, of Canal Fulton, and Edward Harrold, of Massillon, took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Burget, at Canal Fulton, at 7:30 o'clock Thursday evening. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. S. K. Mahon, of Massillon, the bride and groom standing under an arch of ferns and roses. The bridesmaid was Miss Minnie Harrold, sister of the groom, and the groom's best man was Norman Burget, brother of the bride. The bride wore a gown of white silk, trimmed with pearls and ribbons. She carried a boquet of tea roses. The bridesmaid was gowned in white organdie, and carried carnations.

Mr. and Mrs. Harrold will tomorrow come to Massillon, where they will reside. They are now in Fulton, at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. Harrold is employed in the John undertaking establishment.

Come to THE INDEPENDENT office for your job printing.

MARRIED AT NINE.

Miss Flora Royer and Edward Youngblood.

AT ST. MARY'S CHURCH.

The Bride is a Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Royer, of 23 North Erie Street, the Groom a Well Known Akron Citizen—A Wedding Breakfast and Reception.

Edward A. Youngblood, of Akron, and Miss Flora C. Royer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Royer, of 23 North Erie street, were married Thursday morning at St. Mary s church by the Rev. H. V. Kaempker The ceremony took place at 9 o'clock in the presence of two hundred friends and relatives. To the music of the Lohengrin wedding march sung by St. Mary's choir, the bridal procession passed down the aisle. The bride was dressed in a beautiful gown of silk muslin and silk applique. She wore a veil caught with smilax and lilies of the valley, and carried a white prayer book. The bridesmaid, Miss Nora Royer, a niece of the bride, was dressed in a gown of Paris muslin and carried sweet peas. Harry Youngblood, a cousin of the groom, acted as best man. The ushers were Clarence Royer, a nephew of the bride, and Harry Rice.

A wedding breakfast was served at 12 o'clock at the Royer residence, immediate families of the bride and groom being persent. At 4 o'clock a reception will be held for all the friends and relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Youngblood will leave this evening for points east on a short wedding trip. Returning Saturday they will then go to Akron where they will reside at 526 West State street. The groom is a well known plumber of Akron.

The out of town relatives and friends present included Charles O. Royer, Canton; Mr. and Mr. Orin Vogelgesang and son Alvin, of Canton; S. P. Royer, of Barberton, and Miss Rose Janson, of Canton.

The wedding presents included all kinds of silverware, furniture, jewelry, rugs, linens and cut glass.

GRADUATION EXERCISES.

"Labor Conquers All Things."

Canal Fulton, June 13.—The twenty-fourth annual commencement exercises were held in the school hall, Thursday evening, a class of nine being graduated. The exercises were attended by as many people as the hall would hold. The place was prettily decorated, the senior's class colors, royal purple and old gold, being much in evidence. The class motto "Labor Conquers All Things," occupied a conspicuous place. Every member of the class delivered an oration.

Florence M. Clemens pronounced the salutatory, her oration being on "Cob-Webs." Amelia Hiser was the valedictorian. The subject of her oration was "Sowing and Reaping." Other orations were "Beauty of a Noble Life," Gertrude Brown; "Over the Alps Lies My Italy," Clara M. Eippert; "Beauty of Adversity," Edith D. Foltz; "True Success in Life," Alice L. Griffith; "The Top Rail of the Fence," William N. Laviers; "Choice of Occupation," Louise M. Paul; "Abraham Lincoln," Oscar W. Whitmyre.

The graduates occupied chairs on the stage. The ministers of the town, the members of the board of education, and others who took part in the exercises also sat upon the stage.

Superintendent of Schools J. H. Focht conducted the exercises, and at the conclusion of the programme gave a brief talk on educational work generally. The programme included instrumental selections by Miss Dorothy J. Focht and Miss Grace Fisher] There was singing by Prof. Focht, J. N. Kittinger and Miss Nellie Breece. The diplomas were presented by George A. Hoover, president of the board of education, who also made a brief address. The invocation was delivered by the Rev. E. R. Williard, and the benediction by the Rev. J. Mottershead.

Monongah, W. Va., July 12, 1900.
Mr. A. A. Slusser, Dear sir—I'm in receipt of your last package of Gall Cure Powder. Can say it gave me entire satisfaction as to galls and sores that are not intended to run matter; cements and heals quickly. I use it in preference to anything else, and have stables of 100 head of mules and horses. Will soon give you another order. Very truly yours,
THOMAS G. PRICE.

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AN IMMENSE COAL DEAL.

The King of Italy Invests Eight Million Dollars.

New York, June 14.—Victor Emmanuel, King of Italy, is reported to have bought 150,000 acres of the best coal land in the Pocahontas district of West Virginia from two Pittsburg operators now in Italy. The price was about $8,000,000.

A Pittsburg lawyer named Yeager is authority for the statement that the land has been sold and to Italy's king. James Maxwell and A. Lewis, of Pittsburg, who are prominent operators in West Virginia, were the owners. Mr. Mawxell and Mr. Lewis are now in Italy, where a day or two ago they closed the deal personally with the king.

WILL TRY THE BOYCOTT PLAN.

Anthracite Strikers Make Steady Gains.

ANOTHER STRIKE PENDING.

Fire Bosses Leaving the Mines Because Asked to do Strikers' Work, and Now Demand an Eight-Hour Day — Reading Company has Imported One Thousand Men.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 14.—The work of the strikers in attempting to bring out all men who are still in the employ of the coal companies goes steadily on. Their campaigns against the engineers, firemen and pumpmen is nearly over, most of these men being out, and the union is now paying more attention to the fire bosses, clerks and others who have taken the places of those who quit. Pressure is being brought to bear on them in every possible way. Quite a number of the fire bosses throughout the region have already stopped work because they had been asked to take the strikers' places, and at a meeting held here yesterday afternoon about a dozen more consented to join the strikers. The labor leaders hope to have more out by Monday. The company officials are aware of the attack on the fire bosses and they are making every effort to hold them.

The fire bosses are not members of the Mine Workers' Union. A year ago they were requested to either leave the union or the companies, by the operators and they left the union. Since the pumpmen's strike the fire bosses have been leaving almost daily because they refuse to do the work of the strikers. President Mitchell says the fire bosses are also asking for an eight-hour day and he hopes to see them all out by Monday.

The miners' union is now planning to expel from the organization all engineers, firemen and pumpmen who have not yet obeyed the strike order. They have been given until tonight to join the strikers, and if they do not quit they will be expelled and their names published throughout the region as "unfair" workmen. The miners' leaders, as a rule, will not talk on the matter of boycotting, but the rank and file of the strikers openly admit that they will try to boycott all men whom they look upon as being "unfair" workers.

Reading, Pa., June 14.—Another carload of workmen went through here for the coal regions yesterday. Thus far it is said the Philadelphia & Reading Company has secured more than one thousand men, mostly firemen, engineers and pumpmen. It was stated by an official that there is not a colliery in the Reading Company's territory where the pumps are not being manned today where desired. The provisions for the men are being secured in the large cities and distributed by the company to the different operations.

PRODUCTS OF PUPILS.

Annual Exhibit at St. Mary's School.

The annual exhibit of the products of pupils of St. Mary's parochial school will be opened this evening, and will be in progress Sunday, Monday and Tuesday. The exhibit includes specimens of handwriting, drawing, embroidery, fancy work generally, examination paper in all studies, including short hand notes of sermons delivered by the Rev. H. V. Kaempker with their typewritten transcripts. The public is invited to inspect the exhibits.

It pays to try our want columns

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES.

Vote for Delegates Saturday, July 12.

AGLER CHOSEN AS CHAIRMAN.

Stark County Republican Central Committee Meets at Canton this Morning—Books for Announcement of Candidates Will be Closed at 6 p. m. on Saturday, July 5.

Canton, June 14.—The Republican county primary election for the purpose of selecting delgates to the congresssonal convention to nominate a candidate to take the place of the Hon. Robert W. Tayler on the ticket for congress from the Eighteenth district, will be held in the several cities and townships on Saturday, July 12, from 1 o'clock in the afternoon until 8 o'clock in the evening. The names of the candidates for the congressional nomination will be placed on the ticket and the candidate carrying a precinct will have the privilege of naming the delegate from that precinct to the congressional convention which meets at Salem on Wednesday, July 23. This gives the candidates four weeks in which to make the canvass in quest of supporters in this county and about ten days in which to prepare for the convention.

The date for hoiding the primaries and the hours during which the polls will be open, together with other matters connected therewith, was fixed by the county central committee after the reorganization Saturday morning. The meeting of the central committee was convened in Republican headquarters in the Cassilly block at 10:30 by County Chairman A. W. Agler. Practically all of the eighty-five committeemen were present or represented by proxy, the attendance being the largest in many years. Messrs. T. Harvey Smith, of Massillon; James J. Grant, of Canton, and W. H. Phelps, of Alliance, each of whom has announced his candidacy for the congressional nomination, were present as spectators. Judge M. F. Aungst and Prosecutor R. H. Day, who are candidates for re-election to the offices which they now hold, and Judge T. T. McCarty, who is a candidate for the circuit judgeship nomination, were also in attendance to witness the proceedings

Immediately after convening the central committee, which served for the past year, adjourned sine die. The new committee, composed largely of former committeemen re-elected, was then organized. Captain Thomas Wilson, of Alliance, was chosen temporary chairman and Homer N. Briggle acted as secretary. Captain Wilson called for nominations for permanent chairman for the year. Homer V. White, of Canton, nominated Abram W. Agler for another term. George H. Clark moved that Mr. Agler be re-elected by acclamation, which carried amid great applause. In accepting the chairmanship for another year Mr. Agler said. "I thank you for the honor which you have again bestowed upon me. I do not intend to make an address but I will say that in the administration of affairs I will do my best, with your cooperation, in the interests of the success of the Republican party. So long as I am executive officer of your committee, I shall endeavor to enforce the rules and regulations and carry out your instructions" Mr. Agler then called up the matter of a congressional primary and said that Congressman Tayler's withdrawal came as a surprise and was received in this county with regret. He said that it was the rule of this county to hold a primary election and asked for suggestions as to the date.

Homer V. White moved that the primary be held Saturday, July 5. This motion was amended by George H. Clark with June 28. U. J. Johnston moved that July 12 be substituted. Remarks were made by different committeemen concerning these dates, and Saturday, July 12, finally carried the day. On motion of Mayor Robertson it was decided that the polls should be open from 1 p. m. to 8 p. m.

Homer V. White moved that the names of the candidates for the nomination appear on the ticket and that the candidate carrying a precinct be authorized to name the delegates. This was adopted after some discussion.

Julius Whiting, Jr., moved that the chairman be authorized to appoint his own executive committee and secretary and that the executive committee determine the assessment to be made upon each candidate to partly defray the expenses of holding the primary. Adopted.

A motion presented by A. L. Hubbard, of Alliance, providing that the books for the announcement of candidates desiring to be placed on the ticket be opened at the chairman's office Monday, June 16, at noon, and that they be closed Saturday, July 5, at 6 p. m. A motion was also adopted providing that the names of candidates appear on the ticket in the order in which they are entered on the books and that in case two or more candidates appear at the same time they shall draw lots for place.

MURDER TRIAL BEGINS IN JULY.

Motion to Quash Indictment Overruled.

SARAH ROBINSON IN COURT.

Attorneys for the Accused Question the Constitutionality of the Law Which Provides for the Presence of the Court Stenographer in the Grand Jury Room.

Canton, June 14.—The trial of Sarah Robinson, colored, indicted for murder in the first degree for shooting Walter McNair, also colored, in Massillon, will begin during the week of July 15, before Judge Ambler, in common pleas court room No. 2. Such are the present indications, and the attorneys expect the case to start at this time. Sarah Robinson, in all probability, will be arraigned and enter a plea of not guilty next Monday morning. Her arraignment, however, will depend on the overruling of a general demurrer to the indictment filed by her counsel and submitted to the court Friday afternoon. This demurrer was presented without argument and taken under consideration by the court. It is expected by all parties interested that it will be overruled. The preliminary steps leading up to the trial were practically concluded with the submission to the court of the general demurrer Friday afternoon. It was anticipated that Judge Ambler would take immediate action on the general demurrer, but the court preferred to make further examination of the indictment before passing on the matter, according to his announcement from the bench.

Sarah Robinson was taken from the jail and escorted to the court room about 4:30 o'clock Friday afternoon to be present during the progress of the case upon which so much depends for her future. As expected, her counsel, Attorneys A. M. McCarty and D. W. Shetler, asked leave of the court to withdraw the plea in abatement which had been filed. Attorney McCarty stated to the court that the correction of the record had removed the grounds on which the plea had been based, and it was therefore desired by counsel for the defendant to withdraw it. This was allowed by the court. Attorney McCarty then submitted a new motion to quash the indictment. This motion brought into question the constitutionality of the law enacted by the legislature permitting the official court stenographer to be present in the grand jury room to take stenographic notes and make a trancsript of the testimony for the prosecutor at his request and by order of the court. This motion was submitted without argument and was immediately overruled by Judge Ambler. In passing on the motion Judge Ambler held that as a court of original jurisdiction he had no hesitancy in holding the law constitutional in so far as the case of Sarah Robinson was concerned. The court held that the taking of testimony could not have in any way been prejudicial to the defendant's interests, inasmuch as any grand jury or the prosecutor would have had the same right as the stenographer to take notes. The court reviewed the law concerning the inception of grand juries and the changes that had been made in the statutes. Attorney McCarty formally took exception to the decision of the court.

Mr. A. A. Slusser, Dear Sir—I wish to say that your Sick and Nervous Headache Tablets have given me relief in every instance. Have used only half a tablet with good results.
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UNION LABEL — TYPOGRAPHICAL — MASSILLON, NO. 286

MONDAY, JUNE 16, 1902

It is stated that nearly all the members of the diplomatic corps are still at their posts in Washington, which is something unprecedented at this season of the year. At first it was supposed that the representatives of foreign powers remained on account of the delightfully cool weather that has prevailed up to this time, but it is now apparent that many foreign governments are interested in the isthmian canal and Cuban reciprocity measures and are being kept advised of the progress of legislation in these matters. Theoretically, it is none of the business of any foreign diplomatic representative to take active interest in the doings of congress, but actually the members of the corps are watching legislation keenly these days. Nothing which goes on inside the circles which determine this government's policy is now without some degree of importance to the powers.

The American Economist which is publishing a series of articles showing what protection has accomplished in the United States, in its current issue presents figures showing how dependent is the prosperity of the railroad business upon the tariff. Under the Gorman-Wilson law a large proportion of the railroads were in the hands of receivers; now only about one per cent of them are in the receiver's hands. The railroad business of the country was, to say the least, in pretty bad shape; now it is limited only by facilities to handle the freight offered. The figures referred to show that we have just passed the 200,000 mark in railroad mileage. This means total mileage of railroad systems. Of total track we have about 280,000 miles. This represents a capital of $12,000,000,000, with annual earnings of $1,500,000,000. A total of 600,000,000 passengers are carried annually and over 1,100,000,000 tons of freight. More than 1,000,000 men are employed, with annual wages exceeding $600,000,000.

The American people may be divided on the Cuban reciprocity question, but they cannot but commend the consistency of President Roosevelt's stand regarding this matter. The question is one which strikes at the business interests of certain communities and individuals and it is impossible to settle it without, to a certain extent, injuring one or imposing on the other. The President views the matter in its broadest sense and takes the only position that is tenable and consistent with strict impartiality—that is in considering the greatest good for the greatest number and also keeping faith with the Cubans who have a right to expect recognition of this character. American money and American business men are engaged in the sugar industry in Cuba and the Cuban market will hereafter be largely supplied with manufactured goods and foodstuffs of American production. It is, therefore, of the utmost importance that the policy to be adopted with regard to Cbua should be the result of broad views in keeping with the dignity of a great country

INJUDICIOUS BANKING.

At a recent bankers' meeting the Hon. T. C. Sherwood, president of the Plymouth Savings Bank, and ex-banking commissioner of the state of Michigan, spoke on the subject "Injudicious Banking; is the Law Responsible?" He said in part: Observation has convinced me that the banker who uses the deposits of his customer in speculation, or private business enterprises, is a dangerous man to deposit money with, and should be avoided. No banking law can circumvent the schemes, or construe the manipulation of a banker, whose only thought is for himself, and whose only motive is the acquisition of wealth at whatever cost. Such a banker takes small chances as compared with those who entrust their money with him, and if he succeeds society will call him a great financier. If he fails, as nine-tenths of them do, the same society will call him the greatest villain unhung. In my opinion he is just as dishonest if he succeeds as he is if he fails.

FINAL JUDGMENT WILL BE FAIR.

Speakers at the celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the United States military academy defended the army in the field against the attacks made upon it with an emphasis born of indignation. They also appealed to the intelligence and loyalty of the whole country for fair play toward the men who are following the flag in the Philippines. Secretary Root expressed the sentiment of the army at West Point and, no doubt, of the American people when he said:

Our soldiers have been criticised. Some of them have been accused. There have been calumny and slander, but let me tell you this: the President of the United States, the secretary of war and the officers of the government have followed these soldiers of ours, in reports, in private letters, in telegraphic communication and in oral reports of those who have returned. We have seen them one by one dropping off, murdered by a treacherous foe, killed by disease and by shot and sword. We have seen them patient, enduring, courageous, loyal always to the highest standard of their country. I give you my word they shall not be condemned until heard.

Be of good cheer, American soldiers. When the record comes to be made up, in the cool judgment of the American people and of mankind, after Cuba with its brilliant page, after China with its glorious achievement, there will be written another page equally glorious and equally brilliant, on which will be recorded the achievement of the American army in the Philippines.

BERLIN AMERICANIZED.

One of the Results of Prince Henry's Visit.

Berlin, June 14.—If the kaiser intended Prince Henry's visit as an advertisement of Germany, the remarkable wave of Americanism that is now spreading over the country is realizing his desire. Unparalleled numbers of American tourists are registering at the leading hotels in all parts of the empire. In Berlin 97 per cent of the guests are Americans.

Every phase of German life is affected by the mania for things American. Troops parade to the music of Sousa marches; half the music played in the summer gardens is rag time, and at first-class vaudeville entertainments the most popular features are the American turns. The most fashionable sailor hat for girls is decorated with the German and American colors. Children wear miniatures of the emperor wreathed with the stars and stripes.

ON TRIAL FOR HIGH TREASON.

London, June 14.—The trial of Colonel Arthur Lynch on a charge of high treason began today. Solicitor General Carson, in stating the case, said Lynch was born in Australia, was in Pretoria in January, 1900, joined the Boer army and raised a regiment which he commanded. He described himself as an Irishman and a British subject, but was willing to fight for the independence of the South African republic. After hearing the evidence as to Lynch's arrest he was remanded until June 21.

MEETING OF MINERS.

Machine Scale Being Discussed Today.

The miners of Stanwood are holding a meeting today to hear the report of Robert Legg, sub-district president of their union, in regard to the scale that has been made for that mine. The Stanwood mine is the only one in the district in which machines are used. At the last convention the machine miners demanded that they be paid for working bottom slate. They held that the Hocking valley men were paid for this work. The company maintained that they were not, and the result was a joint investigation of Hocking valley conditions by Mr. Legg and H. L. Leahy, the latter the foreman of the Stanwood mine and the representative of the company.

The scale that has been made for the Stanwood is based on the Hocking valley scale. It provides for pay for working bottom slate, when the removal of such slate involves more than ordinary work on the part of the machine men.

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PRESIDENT'S WORDS

Claimed by Each Side of Cuban Reciprocity Controversy as Advantageous.

CONGRESS SHOULD BE LET ALONE

Opinion of Some Senators Before Not Positive Opponents to Reduction, Beet Sugar Men Asserted—Root Issued Defense of Wood.

Washington, June 14.—The president's reciprocity message gave senators a live topic of conversation yesterday, but so far as was apparent there was no change in the situation. There was a disposition on the part of the leaders on both sides of the controversy to claim, when speaking publicly, some advantage from the message. The straight reciprocity men urged that the effect would be to cause at least some of the beet sugar Republicans to abandon their opposition

Claim of Beet Sugar Men.

The beet sugar leaders declared at the close of the day that the message had caused no loss whatever to them and that all those senators who had stood with them Thursday were still with them. They also asserted that the president's interposition in the matter had had the effect of causing to hesitate some senators who heretofore had not taken a positive stand against reduction, because of the feeling that the president should leave congress to deal with the subject in its present stage.

There was still more or less canvassing of the wisdom of holding a Republican caucus and it was probable that ultimately one will be held, but no date was mentioned.

The president's message to congress yesterday said in part:

Portion of President's Message.

"To the senate and house of representatives: I deem it important before the adjournment of the present session of congress to call attention to the following expressions in the message which in the discharge of the duty imposed upon me by the constitution, I sent to congress on the first Tuesday in December, last."

An extract from the message follows, and he also says this is but reiterating President McKinley's recommendation, in his messages of Dec. 5, 1898, and Dec 5, 1899. He then quotes from President McKinley's words. Then he says in part:

"Yesterday, June 12, I received by cable, from the American minister in Cuba, a most earnest appeal from President Palma for legislative relief before it is too late and this country is financially ruined.'

"The present tariff law was designed to promote the adoption of such a reciprocity treaty, and expressly provided for a reduction not to exceed 20 per cent upon goods coming from a particular country, leaving the tariff rates on the same articles unchanged as regards all other countries.

"Objection has been made to the granting of the reduction on the ground that the substantial benefit would not go to the agricultural producer of sugar, but would inure to the American sugar refiners. In my judgment provision can, and should, be made which will guarantee us against this possibility, without having recourse to a measure of doubtful policy, such as a bounty in the form of a rebate.'

Question of Schedules Don't Figure.

"The question as to which if any of the different schedules of the tariff ought most properly to be revised does not enter into this matter in any way or shape. We are concerned with getting a specific reciprocal arrangement with Cuba. This arrangement applies to all the articles that Cuba grows or produces. It is not in our power to determine what these articles shall be; and any discussion of the tariff as it affects special schedules, or countries other than Cuba, is wholly aside from the subject matter to which I call your attention.

"Some of our citizens oppose the lowering of the tariff on Cuban products, just as three years ago they opposed the admission of the Hawaiian islands, lest free trade with them might ruin certain of our interests here. In the actual event their fears proved baseless as regards Hawaii, and their apprehensions as to the damage to any industry of our own because of the proposed measure of reciprocity with Cuba seem to me equally baseless. In my judgment no American industry will be hurt, and many American industries will be benefited, by the proposed action.

Should Lock After Cuban Market.

"It is to our advantage [illegible] that the growing Cuban mark[illegible] be controlled by American [illegible]. The events following the war [illegible] on the prospective building of the isthmian canal, render it certain that we must take in the future a far greater interest than hitherto in what happens throughout the West Indies, Central America and the adjacent coasts and waters. We expect Cuba to treat us on an exceptional footing politically and we should put her in the same exceptional position economically. The proposed action is in line with the course we have pursued as regards all the islands with which we have been brought into relations of varying intimacy by the Spanish war. Porto Rico and Hawaii have been included with our tariff lines, to their great benefit as well as ours, and without any of the feared detriment to our own industries. The Philippines, which stand in a different relation, have been granted substantial tariff concessions.

"Cuba is an independent republic, but a republic which has assumed certain special obligations as regards her international position in compliance with our request. I ask for her certain special economic concessions in return; these economic concessions to benefit us as well as her

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

"White House, June 13, 1902."

Root issues Defense of Wood.

Secretary Root authorized yesterday the statement that General Wood's payment of three drafts for $2,880 each to F. B. Thurber for the circulation of reciprocity literature was approved by the president and the war department.

As military governor of Cuba, Secretary Root points out that General Wood had been pointed out that General Wood had revenues for any purpose that, in his judgment, would advance the interests of the island.

It is the belief of the president and the secretary of war that the expenditures the beet sugar men now criticize were wise and justified by the situation in the island which demanded that something be done in the interest of planters and of closer commercial relations with the United States.

Because of his position as governor, Secretary Root said that General Wood was in duty bound to administer his office for the benefit of Cuba, and to do all he conscientiously could to advance its interests.

F. B. Thurber and the Export Association acted merely as distributing agents and were employed by General Wood because they had extended mailing lists and facilities for circulating the documents.

Secretary Root said that neither he nor General Wood had any knowledge that the association was also employed by Mr Havemeyer, of the sugar trust.

NO DIMINUTION IN TRADE.

None Apparent From Labor Controversies, Owing to Agricultural Prosperity.

New York, June, 14.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, said in part:

No diminution in business is apparent from labor controversies, owing to the prosperous condition of the agricultural sections and the bright outlook for this year's crops. Retail distribution of light weight wearing apparel has felt the stimulus of higher temperature. Railway earnings in May were 8.7 per cent larger than last year and 21.7 per cent above those of 1900.

There continues to be a wide discrepancy between the amount of business offered and the contracts closed in many branches of the iron and steel industry, owing to the inability of producers to assure delivery at a specified time. Contracts running well into next year indicate that the end of activity is not near. Pressure is still most conspicuous for railway and structural supplies, and agricultural implement works are crowded with orders. Sales of Bessemer pig iron at Pittsburg for delivery next year were recently made at $16.50, while immediate shipments command about $5 more. Limited stocks are still the cause of steadiness in all branches of textiles Holders are not urging sales and buyers show a disposition to wait. Tardy deliveries of sample pieces by the woolen mills has caused complaint among the clothiers and fall orders are not placed freely. Wool sells more freely at leading eastern markets and quotations are steady.

Grain markets have shown the effect of conflicting crop estimates and weather reports.

Failures for the week numbered 162 in the United States, against 179 last year, and 20 in Canada, compared with 23 a year ago.

BROADENED FINAL HOUR.

But Market Was Dul land Hesitating Most of Friday.

New York, June 14.—After a dull and hesitating market during the greater part of yesterday with isolated upward movements here and there, the market broadened in the final hour and moved upwards quite generally with a considerable show of strength. The activity was attributed to the same speculative leader who had been concerned in all recent important movements, and whose return to Wall street this week gave immediate rise to a show of awakening. Whatever the motive of the buying, the bull leadership secured a larger following yesterday than at any time this week, notwithstanding a number of news developments not immediately encouraging to a rise in prices The preliminary figures of the week's currency movement, which are usually the center of interest in a Friday's market, gave no promise of a strong bank statement. The subtreasury absorption of $2,406,000 apparently has been little more than offset by the balance of receipts from the interior.

The advance of a point or over in the Reading stocks was an important sympathetic influence upon the late market, but there was no news to show a prospect of an early settlement of the strike. The increase in the demand for stocks was incontestable nevertheless. In some cases the movement was due to individual causes. Sugar advanced on the oversold condition of the market for the refined product and was benefitted also by the reports of a special presidential message to congress reinforcing the recommendation for Cuban reciprocity.

There were a number of very large individual buying orders for Mexican Central executed in the early market but the buying was not followed up The drop of 8½ points in General Electric was probably due to reports of a new combination of electrical manufacturing companies, backed by influential capitalists. The stock afterwards rallied four points. Chicago and Eastern Illinois rose 4½ points further on persisting rumors of an offer for control. The day's reports of railroad earnings showed a continuance of the increases over last year's corresponding period. The market closed rather quiet, but steady.

There was a large demand for Wabash debenture Bs at an advance of 2½ per cent. The Burlington joint 4s were also in demand. The market generally was firm. Total sales, par value, 3,690.000.

United States 3s declined ¼ per cent on the last call.

Rev. Mr. Temple May Accept.

Washington, Pa., June 14.—The Rev. Henry W. Temple, pastor of the Third United Presbyterian church of Washington, has been elected to the presidency of Monmouth college, at Monmouth, Ills. It is understood that he will accept the position. The Rev. Mr. Temple has been pastor at Washington for more than eight years, having come from Pittsburg, where he was pastor of a Reformed Presbyterian church in the East End. His liberal views, however, were responsible for a conflict with some of the high church officials and he and several other ministers left the denomination.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Ohio—Partly cloudy today and tomorrow; variable winds.

Western Pennsylvania—Cloudy and unsettled today and tomorrow; variable winds.

West Virginia—Partly cloudy today and tomorrow.

IRRIGATION BILL BECOMES A LAW

Deserts of the West to be Reclaimed.

MESSAGE OF THE PRESIDENT.

Friends and Foes of the Reciprocity Bill Claim the Message has Strengthened their Cause—Resolution Providing for Annexation of Cuba Introduced in Senate.

Washington, June 14.—Commissioner Yerkes, of the Internal Revenue Bureau, has settled the contested question as to whether butter or any other ingredient, artificially colored, may be used in the manufacture of oleomargarine without increasing the tax from one-quarter of a cent to ten cents a pound, by issuing a regulation which holds in effect that no artificial coloring matter whatever can be used in any way in the manufacture of oleomargarine without increasing the tax as stated.

A rather alarming situation with regard to the epidemic of cholera in the Philippines is set out in a report received by Lieutenant Forewood from Lieutenant Colonel Heizeman, at present in charge of the medical department of the army in the islands. In Manila alone a total of 277 cases, with 215 deaths, had occurred up to April 15, the date of the report, with 453 cases and 308 deaths outside the city. In the provinces the disease attacked 22 different places. In the Camarines, at Nueva Cacares, the disease appeared, and this has been the only point where the army has suffered, two cavalrymen and an infantryman having the disease. The colored troops, the report said, naturally mix much more with the natives than the whites, drinking the water in the shacks which they visit, and eating the native food, and they are thus much more liable to contract cholera.

The irrigation bill passed by the House yesterday was slightly amended so that it will have to be returned to the Senate for concurrence. It creates a reclamation fund from the sale of public lands in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming, less the amount paid to local land offices and 5 per cent due the states under existing laws for educational purposes, the fund to be used for the construction and maintenance of irrigation works in these states and territories. Provision is made for the payment out of the treasury of any deficiencies in the allowance to agricultural colleges owing to this disposition of public lands. The secretary of the interior is authorized to examine, survey and construct the irrigation works and report the cost to congress at each session. Section 4 provides for the letting of contracts for the works contemplated in sections, when the necessary funds are available in the reclamation fund for such section. Section 5 provides that "no right to the use of water for land in private ownership shall be sold for a tract exceeding 160 acres to any one land owner, and no such right shall permanently attach until all payments therefor are made, and no such sale shall be made to any land owner unless he be an actual bona fide resident on such land or occupant thereof, residing in the neighborhood of said land."

The President's reciprocity message gave senators a live topic of conversation, but, so far as is yet apparent, there is no change in the situation. There was a disposition on the part of the leaders on both sides of the controversy to claim, when speaking publicly, some advantage from the message. The straight reciprocity men urged that the effect would be to cause at least some of the beet sugar Republicans to abandon their opposition. They contend that many of them had misunderstood the attitude of the President, and now that this had been made clear there could be no longer excuse for opposing straight reciprocity measures. The measure, they argued, would clear the atmosphere, render the President's attitude unmistakable, and, therefore, bring opponents within the party face to face with the fact that in continuing their opposition they are antagonizing the official head of the party.

The beet sugar leaders declared at the close of the day that the message had caused no loss whatever to them, and that all those senators who had stood with them yesterday are still with them. They also asserted that the President's interposition in the matter had had the effect of causing some senators to hesitate because of the feeling that the President should leave congress to deal with the subject.

Elkins, of West Virginia, introduced in the senate today a joint resolution providing for the annexation of Cuba and its admission as a state into the Union.

FIREWORKS DISPLAY.

More Contributions Made to the Fund.

Mayor Bell asks that persons or organizations desiring to contribute to the Fourth of July celebration fund communicate with him before June 20, by which time it is hoped the necessary amount will have been raised. The mayor says that about $30 more is needed.

Many of the labor organiaztions of the city have made contributions, the last being the Journeymen Tailors' Union, which gave $3. Others will take action at their next meeting.

The mayor and his committee are now considering lists of several displays. No programme will be decided upon for at least a week, as much will depend upon the amount of money raised. The committee promises, however, that there will be a variety of aerial bouquets, electric rockets, meteor batteries, weeping willow tree rockets, floating flags, fiery wagglers, Niagara batteries, balloon rockets and so forth.

CERTAIN RESULTS.

Many a Massillon Citizen Knows How Sure They Are.

Nothing uncertain about the work of Doan's Kidney Pills in Massillon. There is plenty of positive proof of this in the testimony of citizens. Such evidence should convince the most skeptical doubter. Read the following statement:

Mrs. Jacob E. Strickler, of 88 North Mill street, says: "I was taken with intense pain in the back, so persistent that it did not yield to any treatment. My brother-in-law advised me to use Doan's Kidney Pills, as he knew what they would do from personal experience. They were bought at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store, 12 South Erie street, and the relief obtained was prompt. I continued the treatment until I had used several boxes, when I was absolutely cured. I am thankful my attention was called to this marvelous remedy. "Take Doan's Kidney Pills," has become a household phrase with us.

Sold for 50 cents a box by all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure cure. Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

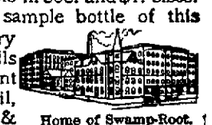
How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

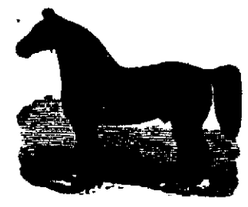
What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail, address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.



SEASON OF 1902.

The following described Stallions and Jack will make the Season of 1902 at our barn on

THE DALTON STOCK FARM,

1½ Miles Northeast of Dalton, O.

The Percheron Stallion Petit Poucet was imported by Bell Bros.; is 5 years old; a dark dappled gray, and weighs 2,000 pounds when in good flesh. He has proven himself a good breeder and was a Prize-Winner at the Pan-American Exposition.

Terms--$12 to insure a colt 10 days old.

We also have a German Coach Stallion at the same barns. This horse, the property of Bell Bros., is a seal brown, 4 years old, and weighs about 1300 pounds. He is a very handsome horse, a great actor and a sure breeder.

Terms--$10 to insure a colt ten days old. Care will be taken, but will not be responsible for accidents.

Also a pure bred SPANISH JACK.

This Jack is a black, 15 hands high, weighs 1100 pounds, heavy boned, thick made and rugged, and has proven himself a sire of first class draft mules.

Terms--$10 to insure a foal ten days old.

All communications by mail or telephone will be promptly answered.

Yours respectfully,

L. S. RUDY, Dalton, O.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

DEPUTIES NOT TOLD

To Gather at Glen Jean, So Marshal at Charleston, W. Va. Said.

ACTED OF THEIR OWN ACCORD

It Is Not Believed the Old 1897 Injunction Is Operative In This Instance—Some Operators Granted Concessions.

Charleston, W. Va. June 14.—Captain J. K. Thompson, United States marshal disclaims any responsibility for the presence of his deputies at Collins Colliery company's mine at Glen Jean, and says if they are there it is as private citizens and upon their own responsibility. He has written them they do not represent his department. The operators, it is said, asked Thompson to enforce the injunction issued in 1897, but he declined. It applies to five or six colleries and is directed to Fred Dilcher, Eugene Debs, Chris Evans and several others and their "associates, confederates, agents and promoters." Evans is the only one mentioned that is here now. He is making no effort to violate the order. It is the general opinion here that the injunction issued in 1897 is not operative in this instance.

The Mile Branch company has made concessions, reducting the price of powder, allowing a nine-hour day and pay every two weeks. The men voted yesterday to return to work. The granting of concessions by the Hocking Valley and Mile Branch operators, it is believed, will put a new phase on the strike in that section It is the first break of the operators to get their men to return to work, and other operators will probably follow their example.

Strikers Were Steadily Losing Ground

Bluefield, W. Va., June 14.—In the Flat Top region the striking miners were steadily losing ground yesterday and the operators predicted that within a week the strike will be a thing of the past. A large percentage of the men returned to work yesterday and the loading throughout the field was almost double that of Thursday. In the Tug River district it was different. But little coal was delivered there yesterday. The output of this district is small, compared with the Elkhorn or Flat Top regions proper. The march of the strikers through the field yesterday amounted to comparatively nothing. There was only a small number of men in line possibly not over a hundred in all, and their walk was ineffectual. No disturbances have been recorded so disturbances had been recorded so far last night.

CUT OFF FOOD OF HELPLESS.

Mine Officials Accuse Strikers of So Trying—Strikers Put Out Fire to Save a Breaker.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 14.—The work of the strikers in attempting to bring out all men who are still in the employ of the coal companies went steadily on. Their campaigns against the engineers, firemen and pumpmen was nearly over last night, most of these men being out, and the union was paying more attention to the fire bosses, clerks and others who had taken the places of those who quit. Pressure was being brought to bear on them in every possible way. Quite a number of the fire bosses throughout the region have already stopped work because they had been asked to take the strikers' places, and at a meeting held here yesterday afternoon about a dozen more consented to join the strikers.

The officials of the coal companies in this region are complaining of what they call "secret intimidation" of the families of workmen who have remained loyal to the employers, threatening to boycott merchants who sell to the families of men who are working, most of the men being kept at the collieries, while their families are at home. One official said in part:

Appeals From Unprotected Families.

"Every day we get appeals from these families and in every instance the company takes it upon itself to see that they shall not hereafter be cut off from their daily supply of the necessities of life."

The miners' leaders as a rule will not talk on the matter of boycott, but the rank and file of the strikers openly admit that they try to boycott all men whom they look upon as being "unfair" workers.

During a terrific thunder storm in this region last night a mule barn of the Delaware and Hudson company's Boston colliery at Larksville was struck by lightning and set on fire. The flames spread rapidly and 300 strikers formed a bucket brigade and prevented the fire from spreading to the big coal breaker, which is in close proximity to the burning barn.

Irrigation Bill Through Congress.

Washington, June 14.—The house yesterday passed the irrigation bill by a vote of 146 to 55. Many amendments were offered, but only one, except those offered by the committee, was adopted. **It was of a minor character. The bill already has passed the senate.**

WHISKEY CAUSED HIS HANGING.

Christian, on the Callows, Attributed His Crime to Excessive Use of Liquor.

Wheeling, W. Va., June 14.—Perry Christian, the Fayette county murderer, was hanged yesterday afternoon in the state penitentiary at Moundsville. Christian faced the gallows bravely, admitted his crime and attributed it to the excessive use of whisky.

The crime for which Christian paid penalty was the result of a drinking bout. He was serving time for a crime committed in Ohio and was paroled before the completion of his sentence. He came to a lumber camp in Fayette county, W. Va., and became associated with a rough drinking gang. While under the influence of liquor he killed William Dent.

Governor Nash and Senator Foraker, of Ohio, attempted to intercede on behalf of Christian, but Governor White ignored their entreaties.

FULLER STATED FOR THE JOB.

To Be Secretary of State of Pennsylvania, if Pennypacker Is Elected.

Pittsburg, June 14.—A local paper asserted last evening the following in part:

'It is not generally known that Frank Fuller, of Fayette county, has been slated for the secretaryship of

JUDGE PENNYPACKER.

the commonwealth under Pennypacker, but such is the case. Fuller controls the politics of Fayette and delivered five delegates to Pennypacker. This is a rather small number of delegates to demand so large a reward, but the pledge of the position was made when the delegates were very much needed."

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Henry Beam, aged 10, was drawn into the hopper of a grist mill at Johnstown, Pa., and suffocated.

H. M. Crooks, editor of the Buckeye State at Lisbon, O., was elected superintendent of schools at that place

At Cumberland, Md., during a fight John Nuse drew a knife and stabbed his brother, Louis, in the left side causing an ugly wound.

Several parties of men were searching the fields and woods between New Lynn and West Andover, O., for Earl Hubbard, aged 25, who disappeared June 1.

The annual convention of the Maryland State Firemen's association was held at Lonaconing, Md. In the contests, open to all firemen, the Meyersdale (Pa.) fire company was a competitor for prizes.

While assisting at the laying of a corner stone of the new Presbyterian church at West Glade Run, the Rev. H. L. Mayers, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Kittanning, Pa., was stricken with paralysis.

During a fight in a boarding house near Morgantown, W. Va., Hester Ross, aged 18, struck Joseph Jones, one of the participants, with a lamp, knocking him down. Jones then shot the girl through the body, inflicting a probably fatal wound.

The Moatsville Coal and Coke company was incorporated at Charleston, W. Va., with a capital of $250,000, by E. H. Douglas, Pittsburg; J. E. Douglas, West Newton; J. E. Plans, Blythedale; John H. Ogden, McKeesport, and E. Felty, Connellsville.

The Beaver Falls, Pa., school board elected Prof. Edward Maguire, of Angelica, N. Y., as superintendent, and elected 45 teachers. Prof. Maguire was chosen to replace Prof. D. C. Murphy, of Slippery Rock Normal, who was elected last week and resigned on account of poor health.

Walter Deak, who last week disappointed Bessie Hallam, of South Strabane township, near Washington, Pa., who was waiting at her home with wedding guests and a minister to perform the wedding ceremony, was arrested on a warrant sworn out by Miss Hallam.

At the session of the annual reunion of the Knights of Pythias of Western Pennsylvania, at Punxsutawney, the first prize of $20 in gold went to DuBois for the best band in the parade. Second prize, the district banner, went to Bellevue lodge. The third prize, a sword and belt, was awarded to Mahoning lodge, Lindsey for the largest number of members in line. The fourth prize went to Johnstown for coming the longest distance. **The next reunion will be held at DuBois.**

IRISH LANDLORDS ACT

Legal Move Is Made Against the United Irish League.

WRIT ISSUED AGAINST LEADERS.

It Was Secured at Instance of Lord De Freyne—Conspiracy In Connection With Tenant Troubles on De Freyne Estate Alleged.

Dublin, June 14.—At the instance of Lord De Freyne a writ has been issued against a large number of members of the Irish parliamentary party on the charge of conspiracy in connection with the tenant troubles on the De Freyne estate, Roscommon county. Among the defendants are John Redmond, John Dillon, W. J. O'Brien, J. G. Swift MacNeill, Conor O'Kelly and the members of the standing committee of the United Irish League, which includes Michael Davitt and a number of the former members of parliament. The Freeman's Journal is also a defendant Lord De Freyne seeks an injunction and damages.

Altogether 30 writs have been issued in the De Freyne action The action is really taken by the landlords' association, and it is the beginning of a struggle of the organized landlords against the United Irish League, which is feared to be severe and far-reaching, as the landlords have ample backing.

John Redmond, in an interview in the house of commons last night, frankly admitted that this was the biggest move the landlords, with the support of Dublin Castle, had yet undertaken against the Irish National movement.

Colonel Saunderson, a Conservative member of the house of commons and lord lieutenant of County Calvin, in an interview on the subject, said:

"Yes, an organized attack must be met by organized action, and the Irish landlords have now resolved to take such action. The same course will be followed wherever they have been attacked by the league. I am happy to say that there are sufficient funds behind the landlords to fight any battles which may arise."

William Redmond, James O'Kelly, Patrick O'Brien, John Hayden, Sir Thomas Esmonde, Patrick McHugh and some of the best known priests in Ireland are also among the defendants in the action of Lord De Freyne.

DEPUTIES WERE WITHDRAWN.

Strikers Promised No Violence at Pawtucket.

Pawtucket, R. I., June 14.—Action which the authorities hope means the beginning of the end of the reign of violence incident to the street railway strike was taken yesterday by High Sheriff Hunter C. White removing his deputy sheriffs from the street cars. He did this on representations made to him that the deputies accomplished no good purpose, but incited the crowds to violence.

After the withdrawal of these men the city became quiet. The 1,500 troops ordered out by Governor Kimball Thursday were still on duty yesterday, but if conditions warrant they will be withdrawn gradually, the first instalment to leave today. There was no rioting yesterday. Seven men were arrested for misdemeanors committed on Pawtucket avenue, the route of cars from Providence to this city. The lines of the Pawtucket city system of the United Traction company were not in operation, and the lines in Central Falls, Cumberland and Albion, suburban towns, were tied up. Today it is proposed to reopen the city system under the protection of the police, assisted by the militia.

CONDEMNED MEN BAPTIZED.

Charles Davis and Henry Taylor Receive Rites of Baptist Church, In Pittsburg Jail.

Pittsburg, June 14.—In accordance with the doctrines of the religious faith accepted by the two condemned murderers, Charles Davis and Henry Taylor, both colored, yesterday afternoon the sacrament of baptism according to the rites of the Baptist church was administered to the two persons. This is the first time that an immersion was held in the county jail, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. C. D. Patterson, of the Tabernacle Baptist church, Howard avenue, Allegheny. Taylor will be hanged on June 24 and Davis will walk to the gallows two days later.

CAPT. CROZIER'S NOMINATION.

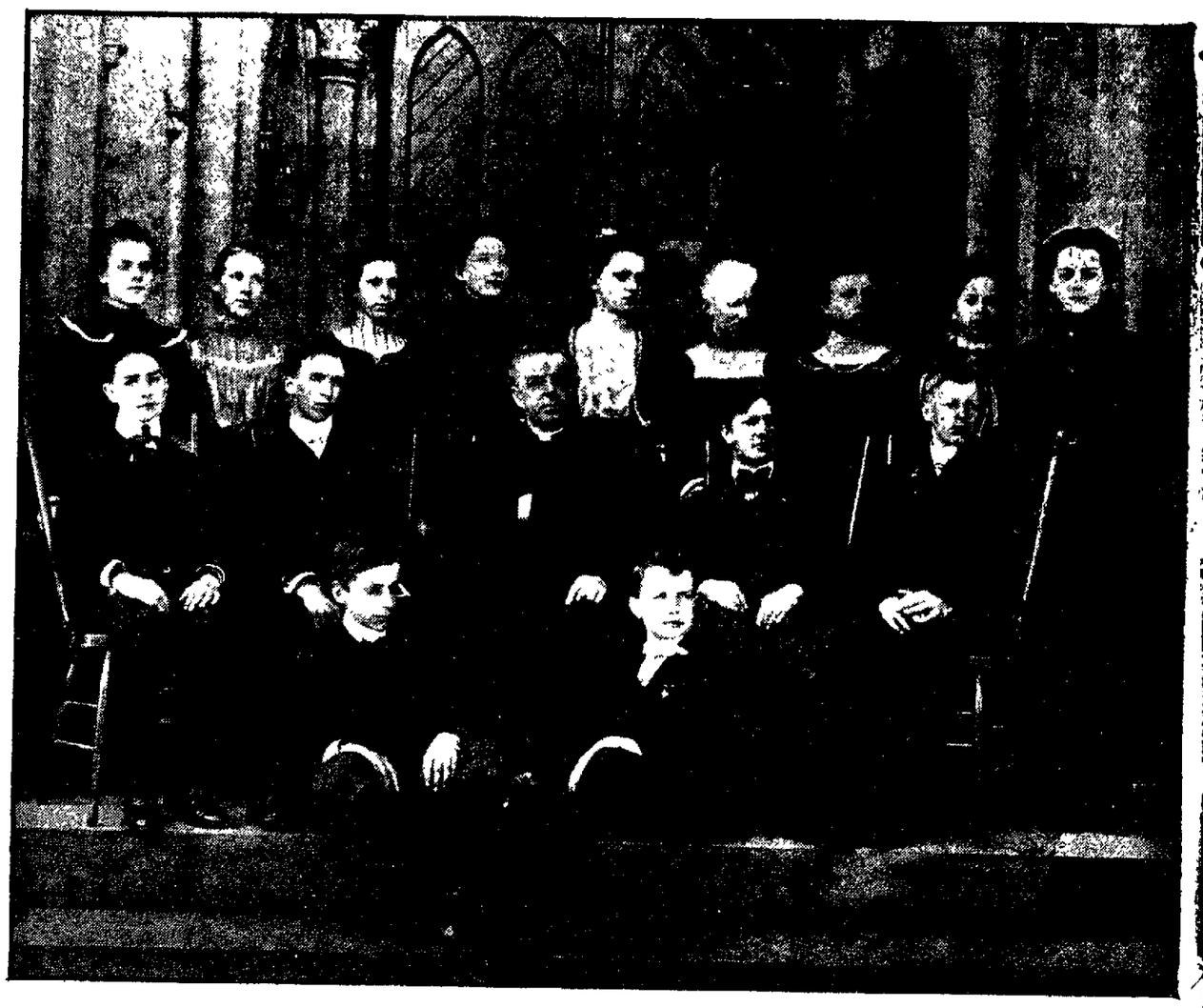
Senate Considered the Matter in Executive Session.

Washington, June 14.—During the greater part of yesterday the senate was in executive session, the nomination of Captain Crozier to be chief of ordnance of the army being the particular subject under consideration.

The president's message urging the establishment of reciprocity relations between the United States and Cuba was received after the senate had gone into secret session. The doors were opened, the message read and then the secret session was resumed

Love is a tickling sensation at the heart that cannot be scratched.

THE GRADUATING CLASS OF ST. MARY'S PAROCHIAL SCHOOL.



The pupils who will graduate from St. Mary's parochial school on next Wednesday evening will receive two grades of diplomas. The full diplomas or the diplomas for having finished the entire high school and business courses will be given to Raymond Kohl, Remigius Schmader, Florence Warth and Mary Warth.

The partial diplomas for having taken only part of the business course in connection with the high school course will be given to Blandina Sibila, Arline Bamberger, Esther Eisenbrei, Anna Youngblood, Helen Burchel, Clara Waltz, Mary Pfister, Edward Forster, Karl Frey, Arthur Rastetter and Frank Yost.

The commencement exercises for the high school and commercial department will be held at Burd's hall on next Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. The admission fee will be 25 cents. The public is invited. The following programme will be carried out:

Chorus—Beautiful Moonlight	Pupils
Recitation	Little Boys 1st Room
Bibles' Sunbonnet March	Little Girls
Sailor Song	
Doll's Hospital	Little Girls
Scene In a Ticket Office	Pupils
Dialogue—"Whose Turn".	E. Forster, C. Frey
Pantomime	Girls
Operetta	Pupils, 6th, 7th and 8th
Recitation	Alvina Eccle
Flag Drill	Little Girls
Pantomime	Near My God to Thee
Solo	Miss McManus
Valedictory of Girls	Mary Wirth
Valedictory of Boys	Edward Forster
Brief address	Rev. H. V. Kiemphker
Distribution of Diplomas.	
Closing Song	Graduates
Address	Raymond Kohl

NEARBY TOWNS.

DALTON.

Dalton, June 14.—The new drilling machinery for the Dalton Oil and Gas Company has arrived and is being set up at the well. The drilling will be begun next week.

NAVARRE.

Navarre, June 14.—At a meeting of the Navarre school board on Friday evening it was decided to again advertise for bids for the new school house. According to the plans and specifications which the board had drawn up the contractors claimed that the school house could not be built for the $10,000 which the board had for that purpose. The plans and specifications have been changed to such an extent that the cost of the building will be reduced within the $10,000.

The ladies of St Clement's Catholic church will hold an ice cream and strawberry festival on the church lawn on Saturday and Sunday evening. The Navarre band will furnish music.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Girt, a daughter.

WILMOT.

Wilmot, June 14.—Dr. and Mrs. Frank Kreiling returned from Mackinaw on Friday evening, where they spent their honeymoon. Dr. Kreiling was married on June 5 to Miss Mary Shouk at the Methodist church The Rev. Mr. Warren officiated. Dr. and Mrs. Kreiling will reside in their new home which has recently been refitted and refurnished.

Thomas Harrold and Miss Maggie Beigler were quietly married at the bride's home south of the city on June 5 by Rev. D. W. Sprinkle. The couple will reside in Wilmot, where the groom is employed.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL	
Wheat	78
Loose hay, per ton	$9 00-10
Bailed hay	10 11
Straw, per ton	$5 00 6 00
Corn	70
Oats	45
Clover Seed	5 00
Salt, per barrel	$ 1 00
Timothy Seed	2 00
Rye, per bu	56
Barley	50
Flax seed	1 50
Wool (best medium)	18-20
Wool (fine)	12 14
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, per bushel	65 70
White beans	1 75
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY	
Butter	12 15
Eggs (fresh)	16
Spring Chickens	40 50
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Ham	11
Shoulder	08
Cheese	12-13
The following are retail prices:	
Bran, per 100 lbs	1 10
Middlings, per 100 lbs	1 15

When you want the news while it is news, take THE INDEPENDENT.

MARRIED HALF A CENTURY.

Mr. and Mrs. William T. Miller, of 106 South East street who recently celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding

To the Farmers of Stark Co:

Those who do their dealing in the city of Massillon, we want to rivet your attention to this ADD.

The BOSTON is the name of the New Firm Now located in Room No. 26 on South Erie street.

Our aim is to do business with you if you will let us, if you will grant us the Privilege as well as the pleasure to meet you at our store and afford us the opportunity to be introduced to you, we guarantee it is meant to be of mutual Benefit.

We have no scheme nor trick to play, nor any other chance game to offer, but a legitimate and honest proposition.

We are here in the interest of a First-class Ready Made Clothing Business, Gents' Furnishing and Hats combined. Our Fabrics are suited to your wants, the make the very best, the fit and style none superior to be found in any market, and last but not least, our Prices are guaranteed to be the lowest that an honest merchant can quote. All of our merchandise must be as represented or money refunded. Any goods not found to be satisfactory we ask to be returned and we cheerfully will exchange them for either goods or money. You are taking no chances to deal with us. We have but one price and that as quoted and marked in plain figures. Everybody treated alike, and all we ask—Try us, compare our goods and prices. It costs nothing; we cheerfully show you our goods, and if you don't buy—no harm done. Respectfully,

THE BOSTON

One Price Clothing House,

26 S. Erie St., MASSILLON.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independen Investigators.

George A. Hise, of Salem, is visiting his uncle, William Hise, in North Hill street.

Mrs. Horace G. Dravo, of Pittsburg, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. A. Per Lee Pease, in Cherry street.

Miss Anna Hauenstein, of Elk Falls, Kan., is visiting her aunt, Mrs. C. Hauenstein, in North Mill street.

George Kratsch, of the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, has arrived in the city to spend his summer vacation.

A box of strawberries brought to The Independent office today from the farm of C A. Krider are the largest seen in Massillon this season.

At a meeting of the graduating class Friday it was decided to hold the annual picnic at Silver lake on Saturday, June 21. The trip will be made by trolley car. James Carnes and the Misses Smith and Gates compose the committee of arrangements

The Canal Dover Improvement Company has purchased a farm adjacent to the city corporation line for a consideration of $24,000 cash. The farm will be plotted into lots and factory sites. The lots will be sold and the profits thus created will be paid to new industries locating here as bonuses.

Captain and Mrs. Crawford, who have had charge of the Salvation Army corps in this city for some time past, will hold their farewell service June 22. A few days later they will go to Toledo, where they will enjoy a furlough of a month. Afterwards they will return to field work, though not in this vicinity.

The fishing season at the reservoir will open Monday. Deputy Game Warden Dangelersen says that fishing will be permitted on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays. "We make it Saturday," said he, "so that the men who work in the shops, but have their Saturday afternoons off, can take advantage of the fishing."

The Pathfinders held a meeting at McCuen's drug store, Friday night, and elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: F. Stroble, elected president, C. C. Miller, past president; L. J. Vogt, vice president; Dr. R. B. Dimon, secretary; L. A. McCuen, treasurer; Frank Poe, sergeant at arms; George Schroeder and A. F. Portmann, trustees.

The cornerstone for the proposed St. Bernard Catholic church, at Akron, will be laid Sunday, June 22 Massillon Catholic societies and others will go to Akron on a special train. One of the sermons of the occasion will be preached by the Rev. H. V. Kaempker, rector of St. Mary's church. There will be two services, one at 6:30 and the other at 8:30 in the morning.

In a letter to The Independent Peter Shriber, long an employe of The Independent Company, now of Perry, Okla., gives a glowing account of the agricultural prospects. Plenty of rain has fallen, the crops are excellent, and fruit is abundant. Mr. Shriber says the price of land in that section of the country is advancing rapidly, and expresses perfect satisfaction with his new home and the outlook for the future.

The young ladies of St. Timothy's church Altar Guild realized $42 from their strawberry festival and concert held Friday evening. During the early part of the evening the tables were set in the church yard which was lighted by electricity. The rain made it necessary to conclude the entertainment in the parish house. The concert consisted of an informal programme of vocal and instrumental numbers.

Charles Snavely, of this city, A. B., Otterbein university, 1904, was granted the degree of doctor of philosophy by John Hopkins university on Wednesday. His subjects were history, economics and politics; dissertation, "A History of the City Government of Cleveland." The referees on the dissertation were Professors Vincent and Willoughby. Mr. Snavely has for the past two years been professor of history at Otterbein university, Westerville. He will return there to be present at the commencement exercises on June 18 and will then come to Massillon for the summer. Mrs. Snavely, with her son, is now at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Grahan, near New Berlin.

OBITUARY.

MRS. GEORGE LIMBACH.

Mrs. Catherine Limbach, wife of George Limbach, of 369 West Main street, died at 11 o'clock Friday morning, at her home, after an illness of six weeks. Death was due to a complication of diseases. Funeral services will be held at the residence at 1:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon, the Rev. L. H. Stewart officiating. Mrs. Limbach was 38 years old, and was born at Newman. Her maiden name was Ehret, and she was a sister of Joseph and Philip Ehret, of this city. Her marriage took place in Massillon in 1882, and Massillon had been her home ever since. She is survived by a husband and three children, Melville, Ernest and Harry Limbach. Mrs. Limbach was a member of the Ladies of the Maccabees, which society will attend the funeral in a body

JOHN WEFLER.

John Wefler, 81 years of age, one of the oldest and best known farmers of this vicinity, died at his home near Pigeon Run, Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Death was due to the infirmities of age and came after an illness of seven weeks. The funeral will take place from the residence on Sunday at 1:30.

Mr. Wefler came to this country from Switzerland when only 16 years of age. For a time he was engaged in a co-operating farming enterprise in West Massillon, later moving to the farm near Pigeon Run where he died. He is survived by his wife and nine children, John and William Wefler, of Pigeon Run; S. F. Wefler, Mrs. Sophia Spuhler, Mrs. Clara Hess, and Mrs. Eliza Wampler, of this city; Mrs. Rose Wampler, of Bay City, Mich.; Mrs. Lucy Kuhnele, of Warren, and Mrs. Mary McFarren, of Elton.

EXTENDS ITS LINES.

Electric Company to Put 100 Men at Work.

FROM NAVARRE TO CANAL DOVER

Navarre Citizens Say That the Canton-Massillon Company Has Announced That it is Ready to Proceed--Additional Franchise Not Necessary.

Navarre, June 14.—It is expected that the Canton-Massillon Electric Railway Company will next week put a force of one hundred men at work at this place on the extending of its line through to Justus, Beach City, Strasburg, Canal Dover and New Philadelphia Ex-Mayor Warwick states that he had had a talk with representatives of the company, and they have given him positive information that this is to be done.

Surveyors have been at work in this vicinity for some time, and it is stated that the survey through to Beach City has been completed. Ex-County Commissioner Krichbaum has also been here much of his time. He is the franchise and right-of-way agent of the company The company's present franchise gives it the right to construct a line to the southern corporate limits, so that an additional grant from the Navarre council will be unnecessary

THE COMMERCE OF CUBA.

Exports and Imports Shown by War Department.

Washington, June 14.—The insular division of the war department has made public a statement showing in comparative form the commerce of Cuba for the ten months' periods ended April 10, 1902, and 1901.

It is shown that the total value of merchandise imported during the ten months ended April 30, 1902, was $55,350,952, against $54,412,263 for the corresponding period of 1901. The exports of merchandise during the ten months ended April 30, 1902, amounted to $39,727,965, against $49,969,050 for the same period of 1901

The value of merchandise coming from the United States for the ten months ended April 30, 1902, was $23,827,043, an increase of about 2 per cent over the corresponding period of 1901, while the exports for 1902 amounted to $26,732,777, a decrease of about $7,000,000.

The loss in exports was confined almost entirely to the sugar and tobacco trade. Shipments of sugar for the period showed a falling off of about $6,000,000. In the exportation of tobacco for the ten months ended April, 1902, it appears that the demand for leaf tobacco from practically all countries, and particularly Germany, was materially less than during the corresponding period, this fact being accounted for by the inferior character of the export crop, due to heavy rains at an unseasonable period of the cultivation.

OUT ON BAIL.

William Morgan and Other Leaders Released.

Fairmont, W. Va., June 14.—William Morgan, of Massillon, one of the national officers of the United Mine Workers, and the other strike leaders who were arrested for violating the strike injunction, have been released on bail, after but a short imprisonment. Morgan says the injunction is so sweeping in its character as to deny those not in sympathy with the mine operators the right to live in the regions affected by the strike.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

A FAMOUS RESORT.

Miss Gribble Writes of Blackpool.

ENGLISH "TRIPPERS" HOLIDAY.

People Lay Aside Their Savings for One Grand Outing at the Seaside and Go Home Without a Penny—Blackpool Said to Contain More Places of Amusement Than Any Resort of Its Size in the World—Three Million Visitors in One Season.

Miss Nellie Gribble, of this city, who under the stage name of Hester Trail, has been starring in the English provinces for several months past, sends to The Independent an interesting decription of one of the largest seaside places in England. Miss Gribble says:

Blackpool, commonly called the Big Six, because entrance to all places of amusement costs six pence, is situated in the northern part of Engand, the coal district, on the Irish sea. It contains more places of amusement than any town of its size in the world. Palaces of pleasure, they are called. The population of forty thousand depends entirely upon its visitors or "trippers" to keep the town going. During the season the visitors number more than three millions, who come from all the nearby towns with their holiday savings. These people lay aside each year a certain amount called "holiday savings," with which to come to Blackpool. They arrive in the town in great state and take a cab to their stopping place. But when they go home they walk to the station, carrying their boxes or trunks, having spent all their money. According to tradition, they must not return with a farthing. This has been the custom for years,. They always provide themselves with return tickets. Some of the poorer people arrive with their wives, children and luggage and go directly to the beach, where the wife and children sit on the trunks while the husband looks for a stopping place. The people of Blackpool rent furnished houses by the week and the better class of "trippers" bring their own servants and keep house. It is something which they look back upon and forward to for all time—that holiday at Blackpool.

The resort contains every kind of an amusement from a Ferris wheel to an Eiffel tower—all for six pence. Dancing is the chief amusement at the Winter Garden, which contains the largest dancing hall in the world. It is really a beautiful room, which looks more like a palace than a dancing hall. It is over two hundred feet long and is decorated with plaster mouldings. As I happened to be in Blackpool during one of the holidays, I attended one of the dances, which I believe was one of the funniest things I have ever seen. The men wore evening suits with pink shirts, green shirts, red shirts—in fact every color but white, set off by the showiest ties of some contrasting color. Under no circumstances did the men remove their hats The women were dressed in a correspondingly curious fashion. As the evening passed the hilarity waxed great.

The Eiffel tower, although not as high as that in Paris, is one of the largest places in the world for all kinds of amusement. It cost nearly five hundred thousand pounds. It contains an aquarium, fitted up beautifully with artificial rock work and containing many thousands of rare fish; a splendid menagerie, an aviary, a monkey house and a beautiful roofed garden, one end containing a cafe chantant where concerts are given. It also contains a pavillion utilized for high class concerts and dancing. Going from that room one passes into "Ye olde English village" which is most interesting; the variety circus, cafe, billiard saloon, etc. It is said that no place in the world can show under one roof such a vast number of entertainments.

There are three good piers in Blackpool. One contains four miles of promenade The resort is said to have the finest coast in England. It is also famous for its sunsets which show beautifully from the cliffs. A fine tramroad takes one along the beach where one can see the camels and elephants as they patiently walk up and down the sands—carrying the children on their long-looked-forward-to rides. Nearby are the famous St. Ann's golf links.

I have seen many seaside places, such as Brighton, Eastbourne, Folkeston and Portsmouth, each attractive in its own especial way, but none as curious as Blackpool. One could almost go on forever and then not finish telling about this quaint place. One old lady, after spending a week's vacation in Blackpool, said that if she had only pawned her dresser she would have been able to stay another week.

AT THE HOSPITAL.

Superintendent Eyman to Leave for Montreal.

TRUSTEES' MEETING SATURDAY.

Surveying Completed for New Infirmary and Cottages—Grading Progressing Rapidly—New Drainage Sewer Tested Last Friday—Reinforcements Wanted for the Base Ball Team.

Dr. and Mrs. Eyman will leave Monday for Montreal, to attend the annual meeting of the American Medical Psychological Association. Dr. Eyman is the representative from the Massillon state hospital. Dr. and Mrs. Eyman will visit points of interest enroute and be gone ten days.

A meeting of the hospital trustees was held Saturday morning at 10 o'clock in the administration building. Surveying has been done for the erection of the new infirmary, cottage F, and 1, 2 and 3. The infirmary and cottage F will be east of the hospital building, while the other cottages will be to the extreme south of the grounds.

New walks are being laid out around the grounds and as soon as the grading is completed will be flagged.

The grading of the hospital grounds is progressing rapidly. Already the immense hole in the inner court has been filled.

The new drainage sewer, just east of the administration building, was tested during Friday night's rain.

The base ball team has decided not to play any more games until the members of the team who are now crippled round into shape. An effort is being made to secure the services of a pitcher and when this is done the team will go into the games more confidently than in the past.

WRIGHT READY TO REPORT.

President Roosevelt Will Try to End Miners' Strike.

Washington, June 14.—Labor Commissioner Wright's report of his inquiry into the causes and conditions of the anthracite coal strike is ready to be handed to President Roosevelt. According to Mr. Wright the President will take speedy action toward ending the strike. This means he will use moral suasion and the pressure will be brought upon the operators.

Mr. Wright by his inquiry has come into possession of a mass of statistics which have convinced him that economic questions are the most potent factor in the strike. He has statistics showing that out of the strike of 1900, which was settled by a ten per cent increase of miners' wages, the operators who seized the occasion to increase the cost of coal to the consumer have reaped a far larger benefit than the miners. For this reason the operators rather than the miners will be the subject of the pressure of the President's "moral suasion." According to Mr. Wright's figures the miners gained by the ten per cent advance of last year, the sum of four million dollars, while the operators, through the increased price of their products, made a gain of ten million dollars.

EXPORT FIGURES.

A Decided Improvement in Foreign Commerce Records.

Washington, June 14.—Exports of manufactures show a decided improvement in the record of foreign commerce of the United States for the first ten months of the present fiscal year. The report of the treasury bureau of statistics showing the detailed exports from the United States by articles during the month of April and during the ten months ending with April shows a marked improvement in the record of manufactures exported. The exports of manufactures for the month of April, 1902, are four and a half millions greater than those of April of the preceding year, being $38,961,301, against $34,416,279 in April, 1901, and forming 36.5 per cent of the total exports in April, 1902, against 29.1 per cent in April, 1901. For the ten months ending with April the exports of manufactures are $333,820,809, against $339,307,623 for the corresponding ten months of the preeding fiscal year, a reduction of about five and one-half million dollars for the ten months. This world indicate that the total exports of manufactures during the full fiscal year which ends with the present month will fall little, if any, below those of last year.

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SINFUL HABITS IN YOUTH

MAKE NERVOUS, WEAK, DISEASED MEN.

THE RESULT of ignorance and folly in youth, overexertion of mind and body induced by lust and exposure are constantly wrecking the lives and future happiness of thousands of promising young men. Some fade and wither at an early age, at the blossom of manhood, while others are forced to drag out a weary, fruitless and melancholy existence. Others reach matrimony but find no solace or comfort there. The victims are found in all stations of life—the farm, the office, the workshop, the pulpit, the trades and the professions. Nervous Debility and Seminal Weakness are guaranteed cured by our New Method Treatment or No Pay. You run no risk. 25 years in Ohio. Bank security.

CURED WHEN ALL ELSE FAILED. No names used without written consent.

"I am 33 years of age and married. When young I led a gay life. Early indiscretions and later excesses made trouble for me. I became weak and nervous. My kidneys became affected and I feared Bright's Disease. Married life was unsatisfactory and my home unhappy. I tried everything—all failed till I took treatment from Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. Their New Method built me up mentally, physically and sexually. I feel and act like a man in every respect. They treated me six years ago. They are honest, skilful and responsible financially, so why patronize Quacks and Fakirs when you can be cured by reliable doctors."—W. A. Belton.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY. Consultation Free—Books Free—Question Blank Free for Home Treatment.

Drs. Kennedy & Kergan, 247 Superior St., Cleveland, O.

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INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired, help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Three publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents

WANTED.

GIRL—A competent girl for general housework Apply to Mrs. D. H. Stoehr, No. 10 Akron St.

MEN, not under 35 years, to call on old and new customers. No delivering. Position permanent to the right party. Pay weekly. Glen Brothers, Rochester, N. Y.

MEN—To learn barber trade. We guarantee graduates positions at top wages after only two months' experience with us; two years saved; tools donated; wages paid Saturdays. Write for catalogue. Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill.

SAFE—A second-hand safe for corporation use. Address Councilman Fred Sallberg, Navarre, O.

TEN ladies and ten gentlemen for which we pay $15.00 per week; cash every week, and one lady or gentleman for office, $10 per month. Call at Milleronian hotel, E. Freebon, room 46.

TRUSTWORTHY person in each county to manage business, old established house, solid financial standing; straight bona fide weekly cash salary $ 8 paid by check each Wednesday, with all exp nses direct from headquarters; money advanced for expenses Manager, 379 Caxton Bldg., Chicago.

FOR RENT.

FURNISHED front room with all modern conveniences including bath. 133 E. Oak.

ROOMS—Three good rooms with water. Inquire 141 Green St

LOST

COAT—A boys' black coat. Wednesday evening, on Erie St., south of P. F. W. & C. Ry. track. Finder please leave at cor. Erie and Walnut or Independent office.

DOG—A white and tan dog. Finder leave at 103 Muskingum st, and get reward

For Sale or Rent.

GROCERY—The old, reliable Bird-in-Hand Grocery and building of Thomas Masters, deceased, located at Youngstown Hill. For particulars inquire of S. A. Masters, East End. Massillon, O.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHONE 368 if you want your lawn mower sharpened; charges 5c. We will call for and deliver them. Lantzer's Repair Shop, 74 West Main.

VAULT and cess pool cleaned. Leave order at Fetzer's blacksmith shop, North Erie street, or Chas. Swarm's. Farmers' Phone 426.

FOR SALE.

A SIX roomed house, heated by hot water; piped for gas; hot and cold water all over the house. Inquire at 282 Akron street, on street car line.

BICYCLE—Orient model 999, never ridden; will sell cheap if sold at once W. C. Brown, 204 E. Main St., or Box 67.

BUILDING—Two-story brick veneered building, 45x80, suitable for any business; also new house, 7 rooms and bath, with improvements. Meuser Bros., N Erie St.

LAND—Eight acres of good farm land, located on inter-urban line, 2½ miles east of Massillon. Address Charles E. Brown, 63 Bill St., Massillon, O.

HORSE—Eight year-old horse, sound and all right, weight 1,100. Price $90. Allen Teeple, W. Lebanon.

HOUSE—New 7-room house on Duncan St., $1,600; also 7 lots on Anderson street at $150 each. S Burd, over 7 East Main St

HOUSE—Good 6-room house on Albright street, 2nd house off East South street. Price $2,200. S. Burd, over 7 East Main St.

HOUSE—The Casper Wenzel place, No. 77 Russell street, off Richville ave. Nine-roomed house, fruit and furnace cellar with good furnace, well and cistern; 2-acre lot with all kinds of choice fruit. Only $2,200. S. Burd, over 7 East Main St.

HORSES—Fifteen fine driving horses. J. O. Eckroad, Navarre, O. W. S. phone 24.

HOUSE—Seven-room house at 224 W. Tremont St.; furnace, city and cistern water; will be sold cheap if sold soon; inquire at premises or W. R Hansen.

HOUSE—Five rooms, lot 50x150, Columbian Heights; convenient to railroad yards and shops. Inquire of P. L. Hunt.

LOTS on Shriver street, 65x150, price $175 to $300. Two houses, one six, one seven rooms, with bath, gas, soft and city water, grates, laundry etc Several lots on Youngstown hill road, 85x225, price $175. Call on J. V Carr, 58 E. Tremont St.

LOTS—Ten on Center St., 10 on Prune St., and 10 on Raspberry St.; inquire Philip Fisher, 87 Raspberry alley.

LOTS—Very desirable lots on East Main, Locust and North sts. H. T. Beatty.

PHAETON—A rubber tire phaeton in good condition. Inquire of Fred Broman, 1223 S Erie street.

FOUND.

AN UMBRELLA. Owner can have same by calling on Policeman Budd and paying for this ad.

W. M. JOHN,

Successor to C. A. Rudy,

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

Prompt AMBULANCE SERVICE to all parts of the city.

Day and night calls answered promptly; Also the only complete picture framers and mounters in the city. All kinds of pictures for sale.

Both phones 162. 45 S. Erie St. J S. Hollinger Asst.

HUMBERGERS'

It's Up to You

And will not cost you more than 8c a yard at that, and do your own choosing out of a lot of

Over 2,000 Yards of Dimities

That never sell below the 12½c mark. The mark now is

8 Cents a Yard.

We have just opened a complete line of styles and sizes of **Ladies' and Gents' Collars.** The new things called for now are the Dolores, Janice, Sandow, and Shelton. Well, we have them all at **15c; or 2 for 25c.**

We want to tickle your memory just for a minute again about the big **Wall Paper Sale** that is in full blast. We certainly are making things hum in this Department with prices, and want you to get some of the wonderful Bargains such as the many who have already seized some of these rare chances.

LADIES' WHITE SHIRT WAISTS.

We have just received another shipment of those pretty Waists and will sell them at **$1.25,** usual price $1.50.

HUMBERGERS'

WARWICK BLOCK, MASSILLON.

Our Stock of Hammocks

comprise all the popular styles ranging in price from **50c up.** Our **Leader** is a **Dollar Hammock,** full size with stretcher, Pillow and Vallance.

Bahney's Book Store,

20 E. Main Street.

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